# THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY JULY 2023 <br> KAMIL-E-TIB WA JARAHAT <br> FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.U.M.S. DEGREE COURSE <br> PAPER IV - TASHREEHUL-BADAN-UNIUG - TB -PAPER - I <br> Q.P.Code : 621204 <br> (New Regulations 2021) 

Time : 30 Minutes
Maximum : 20 marks

Answer All questions.
Choose one correct answer in the box provided in the Answer Script. No overwriting should be done. Choice should be given in Capital Letters.
III. Multiple Choice Questions
$(20 \times 1=20)$

1. Rufini corpusles are found at
(A) Pancrease
(B) Spleen
(C) Liver
(D) Skin

- Rufini corpusles
(B)
!إِّ
(A)
جلر
(D)
(C)

2. Sartorius is also called as $\qquad$
(A) Tailor muscle
(B) adductor
(C) dilator
(D) flexor
 Sartorius
flexor (D)
(A)

منبط,
(C)
3. Median joint between Radius and Ulna is caked as
(A) Symphysess
(B) Syndessmosess
(C) fibrous
(D) Synovid

4. Superior orbital fissure passess through
(A) Abducent N
(B) Radial N
(C) Ulnar N
(D) femoral N

5. Bregma is formed by $\qquad$
(A) Coronary suture and saggittal suture
(B) lambdoid suture and sagittal suture
(C) Parital Suture and temporal suture
(D) None of above

|  | - |
| :---: | :---: |
| (B) | زرواكِلمى سّنى |
| None of above (D) | (C) |

6. How may rootlets of olfactory Nerves pass through cribriform plate of ethmoid bone.
(A) 110
(B) 120
(C) 150
(D) 101

120 (B)
7. Accessory N decends from which foramen
(A) Foramen mangnum
(B) Foramen Ovalea
(C) Jugular Foramen
(D) Foramen Lacerum


| Foramen Ovalea (B) | Foramen mangnum |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Foramen Lacerum | (D) | Jugular Foramen |

(A)
Foramen Lacerum
Jugular Foramen
(C)
8. Spinal cord terminates in the form of $\qquad$
(A) Crusi form
(B) Quadrangular
(C) Cornus
(D) Circular


(B)

(A)

(D)
;
(C)
9. Which Nerve tract is affected when there is no sensation at fingers.
(A) Pyramidal
(B) ant. Spinocerebellar tract
(C) ant. Spinothalamic tract
(D) rubro spinal tract

ant. Spinocerebellar tract
(B)
Pyramidal
(A) rubro spinal tract (D)
ant. Spinothalamic tract
(C)
10. Medial leminiscus is continuation of $\qquad$
(A) Sensory tract
(B) Motor tract
(C) Mixed tract
(D) None of above


(B) $\quad$ Sensory tracts

None of above (D)
Mixed tract (C)
11. Ist and IInd Cranial Nerves arise from $\qquad$
(A) Fore brain
(B) Hind brain
(C) Mid brain
(D) Spinal cord

12. Anterior tubercle of which cervical vertebra is called as Carotid tubercle
(A) L3
(B) C 1
(X) C6
(D) C 2

C1 (B)
L3 (A)
C2 (D)
C6 (C)
13. Head Rotates upon which cranial vertebra
(A) L3
(B) S 2
(C) C 01
(D) C 2

S2 (B)
L3 (A)
C2 (D)
C01 (C)
14. Couda aquina is formed by
(A) Spinal Nerves
(B) Cranial Nerves
(C) Radial bone
(D) Biceps ك Couda aquina

| Cranial Nerves (B) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Diceps | (D) |

$\sim$ Spinal Nerves (A)
$\simeq$ Radial bone (C)
15. It is inserted at posterior surface of greater tuber of humerus
(A) Teres minor
(B) Biceps brachii
(C) Deltoid
(D) Pectoralis major

 هت بريه: صغيْه


عضلمز اليـ
16. Acromion forms $\qquad$
(A) Shoulder
(B) axilla
(C) elbow
(D) wrist

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { البا (B) } \\
\text { wrist }
\end{gathered}
$$

انزم
$\dot{\sim}$ (A)
elbow (C)
17. Muscle Countour of forearm Round
(A) Brachio radialis
(B) Triceps brachii
(C) Pectoralis minor
(D) Trapazus




عضلم'حضركزنزى
صرديـينه
18. Trabacullea cornea are found at which organ
(A) Stomach
(B) Brain
(C) Liver
(D) Heart


(B)
(A)

(D)

جكر
(C)
19. It supplies blood to breast
(A) Axillary A
(B) Mesentric A
(C) Femoral A
(D) Lat. pectoreal A

| Mesentric A (B) |
| :---: |
| (D) |


20. It contributes to form ansa cervicalis
(A) C 2
(B) T 11
(C) S 1
(D) Vagus Nerve

- با
T11
(B)
Vagus Nerve (D)
C2 (A)
S1 (C)

